



The Mountaineer



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FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1978

THE HONORABLE JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, IV, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA visited Boys' State yesterday afternoon. After greeting Boys' State officials at Harrison Cottage, he proceeded to the reviewing stand for the formal review by the citizens of Mountaineer Boys' State. He addressed the citizens in the Assembly Hall and then devoted time to answering questions submitted to him by the citizens. (See biographical attached)

Speaker for the Thursday evening assembly was THE HONORABLE ROBERT EARL MAXWELL, JUDGE OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA. (See biographical attached)

INSPECTION REPORT

	TUES	WED	THURS	FRIDAY	TOTAL TO DATE
CALHOUN	85	88	93		266
GILMER	84	90	92		266
BRAXTON	82	87	94		263
PANHANDLE	84	90	93		267
RANDOLPH	82	88	91		261
MONROE	86	89	91		266
MONONGALIA	78	88	91		257
BARBOUR	86	90	92		268
WEBSTER	86	89	92		267
MARION	84	88	92		266
KANAWHA	88	93	90		271
UPSHUR	88	88	89		265
LEWIS	82	88	87		257

THERE HAVE BEEN 14,397 CITIZENS OF MOUNTAINEER BOYS' STATE, INCLUDING 1978, SINCE IT WAS STARTED IN 1936.

15,146

THE HONORABLE LARRIE BAILEY, STATE TREASURER, was our guest speaker following dinner last night. He told the citizens that 27 years ago he attended Mountaineer Boys' State as a citizen.

RESULTS OF SCORES ON COUNTY BOARDS OF EDUCATION-PREPARATION OF BUDGETS:

WEBSTER	98	MARION	94
MONONGALIA	97	LEWIS	93
BRAXTON	96	RANDOLPH	93
GILMER	96	BARBOUR	92
MONROE	95	KANAWHA	92
PANHANDLE	95	UPSHUR	91
CALHOUN	94		

PICTURES OF BOYS' STATE ACTIVITIES AND COTTAGE PICTURES ARE POSTED ON THE WALL AT GHQ. THESE MAY BE PURCHASED FOR \$2.50 FROM LEO GARDNER, CAMP PHOTOGRAPHER.

PROGRAM SCHEDULE

Friday Morning:

8:10 - 11:50 SENATE (Sewing Center) and HOUSE (Sewing Center) in session. GOVERNOR and BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS meet in left wing of Rural Electric Building. SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS meet with advisor in right wing of Flame Way Building. CITY GOVERNMENT, SHERIFF, ASSESSOR, COUNTY CLERK and COUNTY COURT working in cottages. BOARD OF EDUCATION and SUPERINTENDENT meet in cottages to finish budgets and business.

Friday Afternoon:

12:15 Lunch.
Glenn B. Gainer, State Auditor;
Donald L. Kopp, Speaker of the House;
Gus Douglas, Commissioner of Agriculture.

1:15 - 5:00 State Police organized and working. Band and music instruction and practice at Assembly Hall. Recreation schedule arranged and posted daily. Watch for time of contest for your county. Recreation counselors will watch for possible conflicts with requirements of the courts and other official duties.

5:15 - 5:25 RETREAT.

5:30 DINNER.

7:15 Band.

8:00 - 10:45 ASSEMBLY.

The Honorable Jennings Randolph, United States Senator.

10:45 TAPS. ALL CITIZENS IN BED. LIGHTS OUT AT 11:30 P.M.



ROBERT EARL MAXWELL

**Judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District
of West Virginia**

ROBERT EARL MAXWELL, (D), of Elkins, was born on March 15, 1924, the son of Earl L. Maxwell and Nellie E. Maxwell; educated in Randolph County Schools and Davis and Elkins College; LL.B. College of Law, West Virginia University in 1946; married Ann Marie Grabowski in March, 1948; four children, Mary Ann, Carol Lynn, Ellen Lindsay and Earl Wilson; commenced private practice of law in Randolph County, June 1, 1949; member of Randolph County Bar Association, The West Virginia State Bar, the West Virginia Bar Association, American Bar Association and American Judicature Society; Catholic; elected Prosecuting Attorney of Randolph County in 1952, reelected 1956 and 1960; appointed United States Attorney for the Northern District of West Virginia by President Kennedy on March 12, 1961, resigned January 31, 1964 to return to private practice; elected Delegate to Democratic National Conventions in 1956 and 1964; appointed by President Johnson on July 19, 1965, as Judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District of West Virginia; Co-Chairman Budget Committee of the Judicial Conference of the United States, Member, Committee of the Federal Judicial Center supervising the preparation of Federal Judicial Bench Book; Faculty Member, Federal Judicial Center; President, District Judges' Association, Fourth Circuit; 1969 recipient Alumni Distinguished Service Award from Davis and Elkins College.



LARRJE BAILEY, born March 2, 1934, the son of John W. and Carrie (Given) Bailey of Weston; educated at Weston High School, 1952, University of South Carolina A.B. 1955, and West Virginia University, M.A. Political Science, 1966. Married former Joyce Kennedy of Fairmont, sons John Kennedy and David Cleveland, and daughter Anne Joyce. Lieutenant Commander U. S. Naval Reserve. National Vice President for Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard, Reserve Officers Association of U. S. Elected to the House of Delegates from Lewis County 1960. Elected Treasurer State of West Virginia 1976.

JOHN D. (JAY) ROCKEFELLER IV was elected twenty-ninth Governor of West Virginia in 1976 by the largest margin of victory in the history of West Virginia.

The son of John D. Rockefeller III and Blanchette Hooker Rockefeller, the Governor was born June 18, 1937, into a family known internationally for its public service. Governor John D. Rockefeller IV is the third in his family to be a governor. Two of his uncles -- Nelson A. Rockefeller of New York and Winthrop P. Rockefeller of Arkansas -- also served as governors of their respective states.

Governor John D. Rockefeller IV was graduated from Phillips Exeter Academy and Harvard University. From 1957 through 1960, he attended International Christian University in Tokyo, Japan, where he taught English and developed fluency in the Japanese language. He returned to Harvard in 1961 and was graduated with a bachelor of arts degree in Japanese and Far Eastern Affairs and Languages. He also studied the Chinese language at Yale University.

Also in 1961, the Governor was appointed by President John F. Kennedy to serve on the National Advisory Council of the Peace Corps. In 1962, he became special assistant to Peace Corps Director R. Sargent Shriver. Later, he served in the State Department in the Bureau of Far Eastern Affairs as desk officer for Indonesian Affairs and as special assistant to the assistant to the Secretary of State for Far Eastern Affairs.

In July, 1964, Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy chose Governor Rockefeller to work with the President's Commission on Juvenile Delinquency and Youth Crime. That program, and his own interest in disadvantaged Appalachian youth, brought him to West Virginia in 1964, where he later worked directly with Action for Appalachian Youth, a West Virginia anti-poverty program.

While living in West Virginia and working in the small coal mining community of Emmons, the fourth-generation heir of the famous Rockefeller name made three decisions which would affect his future and the course of his private and public life. He broke with the public tradition of Republicanism in his family and became a registered Democrat; he met Sharon Lee Percy, then a government intern in Washington; and he decided to remain in West Virginia, and make the Mountain State his home.

As his interest in anti-poverty work grew, Governor Rockefeller experienced the frustrations of dealing with various government bureaucracies. He decided he could be most effective by entering elective politics himself.

In 1966, he led the ticket in being elected a member of the West Virginia House of Delegates from Kanawha County. During his two-year term, he served on the committees on Finance, Education, and Agriculture and Natural Resources.

On April 1, 1967, Governor Rockefeller married Sharon Percy, daughter of U. S. Senator Charles H. Percy of Illinois. A public figure in her own right, West Virginia's new First Lady graduated cum laude from Stanford University in 1966,

and worked following graduation with Operation Crossroads Africa, helping to build a youth center in the Central African Republic. She has served as chairman of the board of Mountain Artisans, a West Virginia-based self-help quilting business. She also serves on the Board of Trustees of Stanford University, and headed West Virginia's "51.3%" program, an effort designed by President Jimmy Carter to emphasize the need for women in key government positions.

In 1968, Governor Rockefeller won his first statewide office and was elected to a four-year term as Secretary of State, an office in which he spearheaded an aggressive election law reform program and succeeded in establishing an Elections Division in that office. During this period, he also became a spokesman on many environmental issues unique to West Virginia and began an active involvement in efforts to promote greater economic development in West Virginia. He served as a board member of the Committee of 100, a group organized to expand business and industry in the Kanawha Valley.

In 1969, Governor Rockefeller became the first West Virginian ever to be chosen by the United States Jaycees as one of the country's "Ten Outstanding Young Men in America."

In 1972, Jay Rockefeller received 73 percent of the primary vote to win the Democratic Party's nomination for Governor, but lost in the general election in the year of a Republican landslide.

Governor Rockefeller, out of government for the first time since the early 1960s, turned his energy and attention to another area of great personal interest -- higher education. He was chosen by the Board of Trustees to be the twelfth president of West Virginia Wesleyan College in Buckhannon. At Wesleyan, a Methodist-related institution, he implemented a new recruiting program that saw enrollment increase from around 1,500 to 1,800 -- the highest in the history of the institution. He also established a Master of Arts in Teaching degree program, established an Appalachian Training program and introduced a new business management system into all fiscal and operational aspects of the college. A new physical education and sports center was named after Rockefeller shortly after he left Wesleyan.

In 1974, Governor Rockefeller was one of the twelve college and university presidents chosen to represent the United States in a month-long visit to the People's Republic of China.

In 1975, he was included in Time Magazine's list of "a new generation of leaders" for the country's Bicentennial era.

Governor and Mrs. Rockefeller are the parents of three children -- Jamie, Valerie and Charles. They are members of the First Presbyterian Church of Charleston.

Governor Rockefeller serves as a trustee of both the University of Notre Dame and the University of Chicago, and served as a board member of the Rockefeller Foundation until shortly after his election as Governor. He also is a member

of the Visiting Committee on East Asian Studies at Harvard University.

He holds honorary degrees from the University of Cincinnati and the University of Alabama, Davis and Elkins College, Salem College, West Virginia Institute of Technology and Dickinson College.

Governor Rockefeller resigned as president of West Virginia Wesleyan College to run for governor. His election followed a primary and general campaign in which he articulated his party's and his own positions on tax reform, economic development, government management, education and road improvements.

His margin of victory in the November 2, 1970 general election was 238,195 votes -- the largest of any gubernatorial candidate in the 113-year history of West Virginia.



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