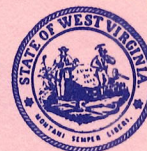




# The Mountaineer



Publication of The American Legion Mountaineer Boys' State

VOLUME 40, No. 5

JACKSON'S MILL, W. VA. 26452 FRIDAY, June 17, 1977

THE HONORABLE JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, IV, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA visited Boys' State yesterday afternoon. He touched down in the State helicopter in front of the Assembly Hall at 2:30. After greeting staff & Boys' State officials he proceeded to the reviewing stand for the formal review by the citizens of Mountaineer Boys' State. He briefly addressed the citizens in the Assembly Hall and then devoted the rest of the time to answering questions submitted to him by the citizens, with "no holds barred."

\*\*\*\*\*

Speaker for the Thursday evening assembly was ~~NEWTON ELLIS~~, Veterans Representative, Disabled Veterans, W. Va. Employment Security Office, Huntington. Mr. Ellis's address was entitled, "You Are Important People."

\*\*\*\*\*

INSPECTION REPORT FOR THURSDAY: BARBOUR - 98, BRAXTON-88, CALHOUN-96, GILMER-97, KANAWHA-94, LEWIS-97, MARION-93, MONONGALIA-95, MONROE-95, PANHANDLE-92, RANDOLPH-93, UPSHUR-98, WEBSTER-93.

\*\*\*\*\*

CIRCUIT COURT EVALUATIONS: WEBSTER-BARBOUR 95, MONROE-95, LEWIS-94, CALHOUN-94, PANHANDLE-90, KANAWHA-90.

\*\*\*\*\*

RESULTS OF SCORES ON COUNTY BOARDS OF EDUCATION-PREPARATION OF BUDGETS:

MARION	100	CALHOUN	84
MONROE	95	BARBOUR	80
LEWIS	90	MONONGALIA	80
KANAWHA	88	RANDOLPH	80
BRAXTON	87	WEBSTER	80
GILMER	85	PANHANDLE	75
		UPSHUR	75

\*\*\*\*\*

CIVIL SERVICE EXAM RESULTS - Forty-two delegates competed in a special Boys' State exam given Thursday by representatives of the U. S. Civil Service Commission.

Those who scored 25 or higher will receive special citations. Scores are posted at GHQ for your information.

\*\*\*\*\*

THERE HAVE BEEN 14,023 CITIZENS OF MOUNTAINEER BOYS' STATE, INCLUDING 1977, SINCE IT WAS STARTED IN 1936.

\*\*\*\*\*

PICTURES OF BOYS' STATE ACTIVITIES AND COTTAGE PICTURES ARE POSTED ON THE WALL AT GHQ. THESE MAY BE PURCHASED FOR \$2.50 FROM LEO GARDNER, CAMP PHOTOGRAPHER.

\*\*\*\*\*

*Speaker following dinner last night was the Hon. Harrie Bailey as a citizen*  
*Treasurer (See document) Harrie attended Boys' State in 1960*



## PROGRAM SCHEDULE

6:30 REVEILLE - Clean Quarters

7:20 FLAG RAISING

7:25 BREAKFAST - Take time to visit historic sites at the Mill, the Gardens, and the exhibits.

8:20 All city, county officers, minor courts, prosecutors and citizens at work in respective jurisdictions. Minor trials, ordinances, budgets, jury duty, and other local administrative units at work on problems and business.

Board of Public Works in conference with Governor Willis on appointments, adjustments in the budget to meet new legislation, and operation of departments.

Senate will meet in Sewing Center (Middle); House will meet in Sewing Center (Right); both houses in daily session.

State Police in operation as a department.

12:15 LUNCH

1:15-5:00 State Police organized and working. Recreation schedule arranged and posted daily. Watch for time of contest for your county. Recreation counselors will watch for possible conflicts with requirements of the courts and other official duties.

5:15-5:25 RETREAT

5:30 DINNER

7:45 Band - Music instruction and practice at Assembly Hall.

8:00-10:45 TALENT SHOW - Assemble at the Assembly Hall.  
Party will convene in the picnic area following the Talent Show.



JOHN D. (JAY) ROCKEFELLER IV was elected twenty-ninth Governor of West Virginia in 1976 by the largest margin of victory in the history of West Virginia.

The son of John D. Rockefeller III and Blanchette Hooker Rockefeller, the Governor was born June 18, 1937, into a family known internationally for its public service. Governor John D. Rockefeller IV is the third in his family to be a governor. Two of his uncles -- Nelson A. Rockefeller of New York and Winthrop P. Rockefeller of Arkansas -- also served as governors of their respective states. Nelson A. Rockefeller at present is Vice President of the United States.

Governor John D. Rockefeller IV was graduated from Phillips Exeter Academy and Harvard University. From 1957 through 1960, he attended International Christian University in Tokyo, Japan, where he taught English and developed fluency in the Japanese language. He returned to Harvard in 1961 and was graduated with a bachelor of arts degree in Japanese and Far Eastern Affairs and Languages. He also studied the Chinese language at Yale University.

Also in 1961, the Governor was appointed by President John F. Kennedy to serve on the National Advisory Council of the Peace Corps. In 1962, he became special assistant to Peace Corps Director R. Sargent Shriver. Later, he served in the State Department in the Bureau of Far Eastern Affairs as desk officer for Indonesian Affairs and as special assistant to the assistant to the Secretary of State for Far Eastern Affairs.



In July, 1964, Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy chose Governor Rockefeller to work with the President's Commission on Juvenile Delinquency and Youth Crime. That program, and his own interest in disadvantaged Appalachian youth, brought him to West Virginia in 1964, where he later worked directly with Action for Appalachian Youth, a West Virginia anti-poverty program.

While living in West Virginia and working in the small coal mining community of Emmons, the fourth-generation heir of the famous Rockefeller name made three decisions which would affect his future and the course of his private and public life. He broke with the public tradition of Republicanism in his family and became a registered Democrat; he met Sharon Lee Percy, then a government intern in Washington; and he decided to remain in West Virginia, and make the Mountain State his home.

As his interest in anti-poverty work grew, Governor Rockefeller experienced the frustrations of dealing with various government bureaucracies. He decided he could be most effective by entering elective politics himself.

In 1966, he led the ticket in being elected a member of the West Virginia House of Delegates from Kanawha County. During his two-year term, he served on the committees on Finance, Education, and Agriculture and Natural Resources.

On April 1, 1967, Governor Rockefeller married Sharon Percy, daughter of U. S. Senator Charles H. Percy of Illinois. A public figure in her own right, West Virginia's new First Lady graduated cum laude from Stanford University in 1966,



and worked following graduation with Operation Crossroads Africa, helping to build a youth center in the Central African Republic. She has served as chairman of the board of Mountain Artisans, a West Virginia-based self-help quilting business. She also serves on the Board of Trustees of Stanford University, and headed West Virginia's "51.3%" program, an effort designed by President Jimmy Carter to emphasize the need for women in key government positions.

In 1968, Governor Rockefeller won his first statewide office and was elected to a four-year term as Secretary of State, an office in which he spearheaded an aggressive election law reform program and succeeded in establishing an Elections Division in that office. During this period, he also became a spokesman on many environmental issues unique to West Virginia and began an active involvement in efforts to promote greater economic development in West Virginia. He served as a board member of the Committee of 100, a group organized to expand business and industry in the Kanawha Valley.

In 1969, Governor Rockefeller became the first West Virginian ever to be chosen by the United States Jaycees as one of the country's "Ten Outstanding Young Men in America."

In 1972, Jay Rockefeller received 73 percent of the primary vote to win the Democratic Party's nomination for Governor, but lost in the general election in the year of a Republican landslide.



Governor Rockefeller, out of government for the first time since the early 1960s, turned his energy and attention to another area of great personal interest -- higher education. He was chosen by the Board of Trustees to be the twelfth president of West Virginia Wesleyan College in Buckhannon. At Wesleyan, a Methodist-related institution, he implemented a new recruiting program that saw enrollment increase from around 1,500 to 1,800 -- the highest in the history of the institution. He also established a Master of Arts in Teaching degree program, established an Appalachian Training program and introduced a new business management system into all fiscal and operational aspects of the college. A new physical education and sports center was named after Rockefeller shortly after he left Wesleyan.

In 1974, Governor Rockefeller was one of the twelve college and university presidents chosen to represent the United States in a month-long visit to the People's Republic of China.

In 1975, he was included in Time Magazine's list of "a new generation of leaders" for the country's Bicentennial era.

Governor and Mrs. Rockefeller are the parents of three children -- Jamie, Valerie and Charles. They are members of the First Presbyterian Church of Charleston.

Governor Rockefeller serves as a trustee of both the University of Notre Dame and the University of Chicago, and served as a board member of the Rockefeller Foundation until shortly after his election as Governor. He also is a member



of the Visiting Committee on East Asian Studies at Harvard University.

He holds honorary degrees from the University of Cincinnati and the University of Alabama, Davis and Elkins College, Salem College, West Virginia Institute of Technology and Dickinson College.

Governor Rockefeller resigned as president of West Virginia Wesleyan College to run for governor. His election followed a primary and general campaign in which he articulated his party's and his own positions on tax reform, economic development, government management, education and road improvements.

His margin of victory in the November 2, 1976 general election was 238,195 votes -- the largest of any gubernatorial candidate in the 113-year history of West Virginia.